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(30367303/SDS\_GEN\_US/EN)

# 1. Product and Company Identification

Company
BASF CORPORATION
100 Park Avenue
Florham Park, NJ 07932, USA

24 Hour Emergency Response Information CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

### 2. Hazards Identification

#### **Emergency overview**

WARNING:

MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED.

RISK OF SERIOUS DAMAGE TO EYES.

Can cause moderate irritation due to abrasive action.

In combination with water, repeated or prolonged dermal exposure can cause moderate to severe alkali burns. CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER.

Keep container tightly closed.

Avoid inhalation of dusts.

Avoid ingestion.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

State of matter: solid Colour: grey Odour: odourless

# Potential health effects

Primary routes of exposure:

Routes of entry for solids and liquids include eye and skin contact, ingestion and inhalation. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquified gases.

## Acute toxicity:

Product may present a nuisance dust hazard. Inhalation of dust may cause respiratory tract irritation, coughing and breathing difficulties.

### Irritation / corrosion:

Skin contact causes irritation. May cause severe damage to the eyes. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from products of a similar structure or composition.

### Assessment other acute effects:

Causes temporary irritation of the respiratory tract.

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#### Sensitization:

Chromate in this product has been reduced. Sensitization due to chromate within stated shelf-live is unlikely.

#### Chronic toxicity:

Carcinogenicity: Contains a known carcinogen. This product contains crystalline silica (quartz).

Repeated dose toxicity: After repeated exposure the prominent effect is local irritation. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components. Inhalation of dust may cause respiratory tract irritation, coughing and breathing difficulties.

**Teratogenicity:** The chemical structure does not suggest such an effect. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

**Genotoxicity:** The chemical structure does not suggest a specific alert for such an effect. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

#### Signs and symptoms of overexposure:

Eye irritation, skin irritation, irritation of the mucous membranes

#### Potential environmental effects

#### Aquatic toxicity:

The product gives rise to pH shifts.

# Degradation / environmental fate:

Inorganic product which cannot be eliminated from water by biological purification processes. The product is slightly soluble in water. It can be largely eliminated from the water by abiotic processes, e.g. mechanical separation.

# 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

CAS Number	Content (W/W)	Chemical name
65997-15-1	>= 30.0 - <= 60.0 %	Cement, portland, chemicals
14808-60-7	>= 15.0 - <= 40.0 %	crystalline silica
471-34-1	>= 1.0 - <= 5.0 %	Calcium carbonate
1305-62-0	>= 1.0 - <= 5.0 %	Calcium dihydroxide
13397-24-5	>= 1.0 - <= 5.0 %	Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O)
1317-65-3	>= 0.5 - <= 1.5 %	Limestone

### 4. First-Aid Measures

#### General advice:

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. Remove contaminated clothing.

#### If inhaled:

After inhalation of dust. Keep patient calm, remove to fresh air. If difficulties occur: Obtain medical attention.

#### If on skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Under no circumstances should organic solvent be used. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

#### If in eves:

Wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

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#### If swallowed:

Rinse mouth immediately and then drink plenty of water, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.

# 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Flammability:

does not ignite

### Suitable extinguishing media:

foam, water spray, dry powder, carbon dioxide

# Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons:

water jet

#### Additional information:

Product itself is non-combustible. Only the packaging materials can catch fire. The extinguishing agents normally used are sufficient.

#### Hazards during fire-fighting:

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, harmful vapours

Evolution of fumes/fog. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released in case of fire. Product is not combustible or explosive.

#### Protective equipment for fire-fighting:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical-protective clothing.

#### Further information:

Product itself is non-combustible; fire extinguishing method of surrounding areas must be considered. The degree of risk is governed by the burning substance and the fire conditions. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions:

Avoid dust formation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use personal protective clothing. Handle in accordance with good building materials hygiene and safety practice.

### Environmental precautions:

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

#### Cleanup:

Avoid raising dust.

For small amounts: Pick up with suitable appliance and dispose of.

For large amounts: Pick up with suitable appliance and dispose of. Pack in tightly closed containers for disposal. For residues: Rinse with plenty of water.

# 7. Handling and Storage

# **Handling**

#### General advice:

Avoid dust formation. The Cement contained in this product reacts alkaline when in contact with water or humidity. This may cause severe irritation of skin or mucous membranes. The humidity of the skin or mucous membranes is enough for this reaction. Prolonged direct contact to the dry product should be avoided therefore. Avoid inhalation of dusts. Avoid skin contact. Pour downwind and allow as little free fall as possible while emptying bags into equipment. Breathing must be protected when large quantities are decanted without local exhaust ventilation.

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### Protection against fire and explosion:

No special precautions necessary.

#### **Storage**

#### General advice:

Containers should be stored tightly sealed in a dry place.

#### Storage incompatibility:

General advice: Segregate from metals. Segregate from acids. Segregate from lyes. Segregate from oxidants. Segregate from foods and animal feeds.

# 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

#### Components with workplace control parameters

crystalline silica

OSHA

TWA value 2.4 millions of particles per cubic foot of air

Respirable

The value is calculated from a specified equation using a value of 100%. Lower values of % will give higher exposure limits. See regulation for specific equation.

TWA value 0.1 mg/m3 Respirable

The value is calculated from a specified equation using a value of 100%. Lower values of % will give higher exposure limits. See regulation for specific equation.

TWA value 0.3 mg/m3 Total dust ;

The value is calculated from a specified equation using a value of 100%. Lower values of % will give higher exposure limits. See regulation for specific equation.

Cement, portland, chemicals

ACGIH OSHA TWA value 0.025 mg/m3 Respirable fraction ;

PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable fraction; PEL 15 mg/m3

Total dust ;

**ACGIH** 

TWA value 1 mg/m3 Respirable fraction

The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos

and <1% crystalline silica.

Calcium dihydroxide

OSHA

PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable fraction ; PEL 15 mg/m3

ACGIH OSHA Total dust ; TWA value 5 mg/m3

Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O)

TVVA value 5 mg/m3

PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable fraction ; PEL 15 mg/m3 Total dust ;

ACGIH

TWA value 10 mg/m3 Inhalable fraction

Calcium carbonate

OSHA

PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable fraction; PEL 15 mg/m3

Total dust ;

Limestone

**OSHA** 

PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable fraction ; PEL 15 mg/m3 Total dust :

# Advice on system design:

Provide local exhaust ventilation to maintain recommended P.E.L.

# Personal protective equipment

#### Respiratory protection:

Breathing protection if dusts are formed.

#### Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves, Manufacturer's directions for use should be observed because of great diversity of types.

#### Eye protection:

Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles).

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#### Body protection:

Body protection must be chosen based on level of activity and exposure.

### General safety and hygiene measures:

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid inhalation of dusts. In order to prevent contamination while handling, closed working clothes and working gloves should be used. Handle in accordance with good building materials hygiene and safety practice. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. At the end of the shift the skin should be cleaned and skin-care agents applied. Gloves must be inspected regularly and prior to each use. Replace if necessary (e.g. pinhole leaks).

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:

powder

Odour: Colour: odourless grey

pH value:

approx. 12 - 13

(approx. 20 °C) (as aqueous suspension) not applicable

Boiling point: Bulk density:

approx. 1,800 -

Partitioning coefficient

2,400 kg/m3

n-octanol/water (log Pow):

Solubility in water:

not applicable (20 °C) dispersible

Miscibility with water:

miscible

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

# Conditions to avoid:

Avoid dust formation. Avoid humidity.

#### Substances to avoid:

strong acids

strong bases, strong acids

#### Hazardous reactions:

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Strong bases are formed on the addition of water.

#### Decomposition products:

No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Irritation / corrosion

Information on: Cement, portland, chemicals

Assessment of irritating effects:

Skin contact causes irritation. May cause severe damage to the eyes.

Information on: Calcium dihydroxide Assessment of irritating effects:

Skin contact causes irritation. May cause severe damage to the eyes.

# Repeated dose toxicity

Information on: crystalline silica Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: